

FAILURE DATA SETS- A STUDY

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Abstract

This paper lists several application data sets that, throughout the thesis they are used to implement and illustrate the use of Sequential Probability Ratio Test in software reliability using Half Logistic Software Reliability Growth Model.

Key Words: *Data, Sets, Software.*

Introduction:

Time domain data sets

Data Set #1: Data collected from (Xie *et al.*,2002).

DataSet#2:USNavalTacticalDataSystems(NTDS)

The Software data set was extracted from information about failures in the development of software for the real-time multi-computer complex of the US Naval Fleet Computer Programming Center of the US Naval Tactical Data Systems (NTDS) (Goel,1979). The software consists of 38 different project modules. The time horizon is divided into four phases: production phase, test phase, user phase, and subsequent test phase. The 26 software failures were found during the production phase.

DataSet#3:AT&TSystem T Project

The AT&T's System T is a network-management system developed by AT&T that receives data from telemetry events, such as alarms, facility-performance information, and diagnostic messages, and forwards them to operators for further action. The system has been tested and failure data has been collected (Ehrlich *et al.*, 1993). The following Table shows the failures and the inter-failure times (in CPU units).

DataSet#4:On-LineData Entry IBM Software Package

The data reported by Ohba (1984) are recorded from testing an on-line data entry software package developed at IBM. The following table shows the number of errors and the inter failure time.

DataSet#5:Lyu. Data Set #6: S2.

Table1.9.1.1:DataSet#1

F.No	TBF(h)	F.No	TBF(h)	F.No	TBF(h)
1	30.02	11	0.47	21	70.47
2	1.44	12	6.23	22	17.07
3	22.47	13	3.39	23	3.99
4	1.36	14	9.11	24	176.06
5	3.43	15	2.18	25	81.07
6	13.2	16	15.53	26	2.27
7	5.15	17	25.72	27	15.63
8	3.83	18	2.79	28	120.78
9	21	19	1.92	29	30.81
10	12.97	20	4.13	30	34.19

Table1.9.1.2:DataSet#2

F.No	TBF	F.No	TBF	F.No	TBF
1	9	10	7	19	6
2	12	11	1	20	1
3	11	12	6	21	11
4	4	13	1	22	33
5	7	14	9	23	7
6	2	15	4	24	91
7	5	16	1	25	2
8	8	17	3	26	1
9	5	18	3		

Table1.9.1.3:DataSet#3

F.No	IFT	F.No	IFT	F.No	IFT
1	10	6	12	11	19
2	9	7	18	12	30
3	13	8	15	13	32
4	11	9	22	14	25
5	15	10	25	15	40

Table1.9.1.4:DataSet#4

F.No	IFT	F.No	IFT	F.No	IFT
1	5.5	9	11.39	17	125.67
2	1.83	10	19.88	18	82.69
3	2.75	11	7.81	19	0.46
4	70.89	12	14.6	20	31.61
5	3.94	13	11.41	21	129.31
6	14.98	14	18.94	22	47.6
7	3.47	15	65.3		
8	9.96	16	0.04		

Table1.9.1.5:DataSet#5

F.No	IFT	F.No	IFT	F.No	IFT
1	0.5	9	1.4	17	3.2
2	1.2	10	3.5	18	2.5
3	2.8	11	3.4	19	2
4	2.7	12	1.2	20	4.5
5	2.8	13	0.9	21	3.5
6	3	14	1.7	22	5.2
7	1.8	15	1.4	23	7.2
8	0.9	16	2.7	24	10.7

Table1.9.1.6:DataSet#6

F.No	TBF(s)	F.No	TBF(s)	F.No	TBF(s)	F.No	TBF(s)
1	3.183	15	6.783	29	13.333	43	260
2	3.7	16	0.833	30	65.167	44	0
3	4.667	17	11	31	115	45	0
4	4.833	18	25.117	32	55	46	5
5	4.834	19	10.417	33	25.166	47	150.35
6	6.416	20	15.2	34	3.25	48	41.983
7	9.5	21	10.633	35	32.6	49	114.834
8	10.167	22	4.883	36	2.25	50	55.8
9	6.083	23	20.2	37	11.017	51	45.833
10	6.5	24	10.2	38	0.833	52	111.25
11	4.584	25	11.25	39	12.15	53	115.75
12	6	26	20.25	40	15	54	131.65
13	13.333	27	45.25	41	3		
14	20.167	28	59.184	42	70.417		

Time domain data sets for ordered statistics

Data Sets:The Real-time Control System Data

The data sets were listed in "DATA" directory Containing 45 industry project failure data sets in the Hand book of Software Reliability Engineering (Lyu,1996).

Table1.9.2.1:DataSet#7,SYS1 data

F.No	TBF(s)	F.No	TBF(s)	F.No	TBF(s)	F.No	TBF(s)
1	3	35	227	69	529	103	108
2	30	36	65	70	379	104	0
3	113	37	176	71	44	105	3110
4	81	38	58	72	129	106	1247
5	115	39	457	73	810	107	943
6	9	40	300	74	290	108	700
7	2	41	97	75	300	109	875
8	91	42	263	76	529	110	245
9	112	43	452	77	281	111	729
10	15	44	255	78	160	112	1897
11	138	45	197	79	828	113	447
12	50	46	193	80	1011	114	386
13	77	47	6	81	445	115	446
14	24	48	79	82	296	116	122
15	108	49	816	83	1755	117	990
16	88	50	1351	84	1064	118	948
17	670	51	148	85	1783	119	1082
18	120	52	21	86	860	120	22
19	26	53	233	87	983	121	75
20	114	54	134	88	707	122	482
21	325	55	357	89	33	123	5509

22	55	56	193	90	868	124	100
23	242	57	236	91	724	125	10
24	68	58	31	92	2323	126	1071
25	422	59	369	93	2930	127	371
26	180	60	748	94	1461	128	790
27	10	61	0	95	843	129	6150
28	1146	62	232	96	12	130	3321
29	600	63	330	97	261	131	1045
30	15	64	365	98	1800	132	648
31	36	65	1222	99	865	133	5485
32	4	66	543	100	1435	134	1160
33	0	67	10	101	30	135	1864
34	8	68	16	102	143	136	4116

Table1.9.2.2:DataSet#8,SYS2 data

F.No	TBF(ms)	F.No	TBF(ms)	F.No	TBF(ms)	F.No	TBF(ms)
1	479	23	437	45	460	67	1866
2	266	24	340	46	565	68	490
3	277	25	405	47	1119	69	1487
4	554	26	535	48	437	70	4322
5	1034	27	277	49	927	71	1418
6	249	28	363	50	4462	72	1023
7	693	29	522	51	714	73	5490
8	597	30	613	52	181	74	1520
9	117	31	277	53	1485	75	3281
10	170	32	1300	54	757	76	2716
11	117	33	821	55	3154	77	2175
12	1274	34	213	56	2115	78	3505
13	469	35	1620	57	884	79	725
14	1174	36	1601	58	2037	80	1963
15	693	37	298	59	1481	81	3979
16	1908	38	874	60	559	82	1090
17	135	39	618	61	490	83	245
18	277	40	2640	62	593	84	1194
19	596	41	5	63	1769	85	994
20	757	42	149	64	85	86	3902
21	437	43	1034	65	2836		
22	2230	44	2441	66	213		

Table1.9.2.3:DataSet#9,SYS3 data

F.No	TBF(s)	F.No	TBF(s)	F.No	TBF(s)	F.No	TBF(s)
1	39	53	4	105	9	157	108
2	10	54	23	106	26	158	38
3	4	55	9	107	62	159	86
4	36	56	13	108	239	160	7



5	4	57	165	109	13	161	22
6	5	58	14	110	4	162	80
7	4	59	22	111	85	163	239
8	91	60	41	112	85	164	3
9	49	61	12	113	240	165	39
10	1	62	138	114	178	166	63
11	25	63	95	115	34	167	152
12	1	64	49	116	102	168	63
13	4	65	62	117	9	169	80
14	30	66	2	118	146	170	245
15	42	67	35	119	59	171	196
16	9	68	89	120	48	172	46
17	49	69	90	121	25	173	152
18	44	70	69	122	25	174	102
19	32	71	22	123	111	175	9
20	3	72	15	124	5	176	228
21	78	73	19	125	31	177	220
22	1	74	42	126	51	178	208
23	30	75	14	127	6	179	78
24	205	76	11	128	193	180	3
25	5	77	41	129	27	181	83
26	129	78	210	130	25	182	6
27	103	79	16	131	96	183	212
28	224	80	30	132	26	184	91
29	186	81	37	133	30	185	3
30	53	82	66	134	30	186	10
31	14	83	9	135	17	187	172
32	9	84	16	136	320	188	21
33	2	85	14	137	78	189	173
34	10	86	24	138	39	190	371
35	1	87	12	139	13	191	40
36	34	88	159	140	13	192	48
37	170	89	89	141	19	193	126
38	129	90	118	142	128	194	90
39	4	91	29	143	34	195	149
40	4	92	21	144	84	196	30
41	35	93	18	145	40	197	317
42	5	94	2	146	177	198	500
43	5	95	114	147	349	199	673
44	22	96	37	148	274	200	432
45	36	97	46	149	82	201	66
46	35	98	17	150	58	202	168
47	121	99	1	151	31	203	66
48	23	100	150	152	114	204	66
49	33	101	382	153	39	205	128

50	48	102	160	154	88	206	49
51	32	103	66	155	84	207	332
52	21	104	206	156	232		

Table1.9.2.4:DataSet#10,DS2 Data

FNO	TBF (hrs)	FNO	TBF (hrs)	FNO	TBF (hrs)	FNO	TBF (hrs)
1	12	29	7	57	0	85	6
2	3	30	1	58	1	86	18
3	13	31	0	59	2	87	0
4	11	32	7	60	5	88	0
5	14	33	10	61	5	89	0
6	0	34	6	62	4	90	6
7	7	35	4	63	0	91	0
8	0	36	1	64	3	92	12
9	0	37	8	65	2	93	14
10	3	38	2	66	6	94	1
11	5	39	10	67	6	95	20
12	0	40	15	68	3	96	21
13	14	41	1	69	15	97	3
14	9	42	5	70	0	98	5
15	6	43	0	71	4	99	41
16	0	44	2	72	1	100	1
17	5	45	1	73	5	101	14
18	1	46	0	74	3	102	14
19	0	47	1	75	11	103	57
20	1	48	4	76	2	104	0
21	1	49	8	77	20	105	11
22	4	50	2	78	20	106	73
23	0	51	4	79	3	107	6
24	4	52	3	80	1	108	35
25	12	53	3	81	12	109	14
26	1	54	3	82	5	110	211
27	5	55	2	83	1	111	70
28	27	56	3	84	0		

Interval domain datasets

Table1.9.3.1:DataSet#11,Release2 data

Week Index	Fault	Week Index	Fault	Week Index	Fault	Week Index	Fault
1	13	6	8	11	6	16	2
2	5	7	13	12	5	17	3
3	8	8	14	13	4	18	1
4	8	9	9	14	6	19	2
5	6	10	5	15	2		

Table1.9.3.2:DataSet#12,Release3 data

Week Index	Fault	Week Index	Fault	Week Index	Fault	Week Index	Fault
1	6	4	7	7	8	10	2
2	3	5	8	8	6	11	1
3	4	6	12	9	3	12	1

Parameter estimation is of primary importance in software reliability prediction. Once the analytical solution form $m(t)$ is known for a given model,

parameter estimation is achieved by applying a technique of Maximum Likelihood Estimate (MLE). The idea behind maximum likelihood parameter estimation is to determine the parameters that maximize the probability (likelihood) of the sample data. The method of maximum likelihood is considered to be more robust and yields estimators with good statistical properties. Assuming that the data are given for the cumulative number of detected errors y_i in a given time-interval $(0, t_i)$

where $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$. and $0 < t_1 < t_2 < \dots < t_n$ then the log likelihood function (LLF) takes on the following form.

Likelihood function by using $\lambda(t)$ is: $L = e^{-m(t)} \prod_{i=1}^n \lambda(t_i)$

The logarithmic likelihood function for interval domain data (Pham, 2006) is given by:

$\text{Log} L = \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - y_{i-1}) \cdot \log \left[\frac{m(t_i) - m(t_{i-1})}{m(t_i)} \right] - m(t_n)$, and \hat{a} and \hat{b} are Maximum Likelihood Estimates (MLEs) of

parameters and the values can be computed using iterative method for the given cumulative time between failures data. Using \hat{a} and \hat{b} values we can compute $m(t)$. Now the control limits are calculated by equating the cumulative distribution function to the standard values 0.00135, 0.99865, and 0.5. These limits are converted to $m(t_U)$, $m(t_C)$ and $m(t_L)$ form. They are used to find whether the software process is in control or not by placing the points in failure control chart. A point below the control limit $m(t_L)$ indicates an alarming signal. A point above the control limit $m(t_U)$ indicates better quality. If the points are falling within the control limits it indicates the software process is in stable.

The respective brief contents of these four problems are given in the "introduction". The numerical calculations and subsequent tables are provided at appropriate places in the respective chapters. The reprints of some of our findings in published form are appended towards the end of the thesis. List of references arranged alphabetically is also provided towards the end of the thesis.

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